

EN475 – OCEAN ENGINEERING MECHANICS – *Equation Sheet 1: Linear Wave Properties*

	<i>Shallow Water</i>	<i>Intermediate Depth</i>	<i>Deep Water</i>
Surface Elev., h	$h = \frac{H}{2} \cos(kx - st)$	$h = \frac{H}{2} \cos(kx - st)$	$h = \frac{H}{2} \cos(kx - st)$
Wave Length, L	$L = T \sqrt{gd}$	$L = \frac{gT^2}{2p} \tanh(kd)$ $L = L_0 \tanh(kd)$	$L_0 = \frac{gT^2}{2p}$
Wave Speed or Celerity, $C=L/T$	$C = \sqrt{gd}$	$C = \sqrt{\frac{g}{k} \tanh kd} = \frac{gT}{2p} \tanh kd$	$C_0 = \sqrt{\frac{g}{k_0}} = \frac{gT}{2p}$
Potential, f	$f = \frac{Hg}{2s} \sin(kx - st)$	$f = \frac{Hg}{2s} \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd} \sin(kx - st)$	$f = \frac{Hg}{2s} e^{kz} \sin(kx - st)$
Horizontal (x-dir'n) velocity, u	$u = \frac{H g k}{2 s} \cos(kx - st)$ $u = \frac{H}{2} \sqrt{\frac{g}{d}} \cos(kx - st)$ $u = \frac{p H}{T} \frac{1}{kd} \cos(kx - st)$	$u = \frac{H g k}{2 s} \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd} \cos(kx - st)$ $u = \frac{p H}{T} \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd} \cos(kx - st)$ $u = \frac{p H}{T} K_x \cos(kx - st)$	$u = \frac{H g k}{2 s} e^{kz} \cos(kx - st)$ $u = \frac{p H}{T} e^{kz} \cos(kx - st)$
Vertical (z-dir'n) velocity, w	$w = \frac{H g (z+d)}{2 s d} \sin(kx - st)$ $w = \frac{p H}{T} \left(1 + \frac{z}{d}\right) \sin(kx - st)$	$w = \frac{H g k}{2 s} \frac{\sinh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd} \sin(kx - st)$ $w = \frac{p H}{T} \frac{\sinh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd} \sin(kx - st)$ $w = \frac{p H}{T} K_z \sin(kx - st)$	$w = \frac{H g k}{2 s} e^{kz} \sin(kx - st)$ $w = \frac{p H}{T} e^{kz} \sin(kx - st)$
Horizontal Particle Acceleration, a_x	$a_x = \frac{H g}{2 d} \sin(kx - st)$	$a_x = \frac{2p^2 H}{T^2} K_x \sin(kx - st)$	$a_x = \frac{H g k}{2} e^{kz} \sin(kx - st)$
Vertical Particle Acceleration, a_z	$a_z = - \frac{H g (z+d)}{2 d} \cos(kx - st)$	$a_z = - \frac{2p^2 H}{T^2} K_z \cos(kx - st)$	$a_z = - \frac{H g k}{2} e^{kz} \cos(kx - st)$
Particle Paths	tend to lines	elliptical	circular

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Pressure, $P_{total} = P_{static} + P_{dynamic}$	$P_{total} = -\mathbf{r} g z + \mathbf{r} g \frac{H}{2} \cos(k x - \mathbf{s} t)$ $P_{total} = \mathbf{r} g (\mathbf{h} - z)$	$P_{total} = -\mathbf{r} g z + \mathbf{r} g \frac{H}{2} \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd} \cos(k x - \mathbf{s} t)$ $P_{total} = -\mathbf{r} g z + \mathbf{r} g \frac{H}{2} K_p \cos(k x - \mathbf{s} t)$ $P_{total} = \mathbf{r} g (K_p \mathbf{h} - z)$	$P_{total} = -\mathbf{r} g z + \mathbf{r} g \frac{H}{2} e^{kz} \cos(k x - \mathbf{s} t)$ $P_{total} = \mathbf{r} g (e^{kz} \mathbf{h} - z)$
Energy in One Wave Length, E	$E = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2 L}{8}$	$E = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2 L}{8}$	$E = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2 L}{8}$
Average Energy Density, \bar{E}	$\bar{E} = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2}{8}$	$\bar{E} = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2}{8}$	$\bar{E} = \frac{\mathbf{r} g H^2}{8}$
Power, $P = \frac{n E}{T}$	$P = \bar{E} C = \bar{E} C_g$	$P = \frac{\bar{E} C}{2} \left(1 + \frac{2 k d}{\sinh 2 k d} \right)$ $P = n \bar{E} C = \bar{E} C_g$	$P = \frac{\bar{E} C}{2} = \bar{E} C_g$
Group Velocity, C_g	$C_g = C$	$C_g = \frac{C}{2} \left(1 + \frac{2 k d}{\sinh 2 k d} \right)$ $C_g = n C$	$C_g = \frac{C}{2}$
Dispersion Equation	$\mathbf{s}^2 = k^2 g d$	$\mathbf{s}^2 = g k \tanh k d$	$\mathbf{s}^2 = g k$

Shoaling & Refraction: $H = H_0 K_S K_R$ $K_S = \sqrt{\frac{C_{g0}}{C_g}}$ $K_R = \sqrt{\frac{\cos \mathbf{a}_0}{\cos \mathbf{a}}}$ $\mathbf{a} = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{C}{C_0} \sin \mathbf{a}_0 \right) = \sin^{-1} \left(\tanh kd \sin \mathbf{a}_0 \right)$

Standing Waves: surface elevations: $\mathbf{h}_i = \frac{H}{2} \cos(kx - \mathbf{s}t)$ $\mathbf{h}_r = \frac{H}{2} \cos(kx + \mathbf{s}t)$ $\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{h}_i + \mathbf{h}_r = H_i \cos(kx) \cos(\mathbf{s}t)$

dynamic pressure: $p_d = p_{d_i} + p_{d_r} = \mathbf{r} g H_i \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd} \cos(kx) \cos(\mathbf{s}t)$

velocities: $u = u_i + u_r = \frac{2\mathbf{p} H_i}{T} \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd} \sin(kx) \sin(\mathbf{s}t)$ $w = w_i + w_r = \frac{2\mathbf{p} H_i}{T} \frac{\sinh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd} \cos(kx) \sin(\mathbf{s}t)$

$H = \text{wave height}$ $\mathbf{s} = \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{T}$ $k = \frac{2\mathbf{p}}{L}$ $T = \text{wave period}$ $L = \text{wave length}$ $d = \text{water depth}$ $K_p = \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\cosh kd}$ $K_x = \frac{\cosh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd}$ $K_z = \frac{\sinh k(z+d)}{\sinh kd}$ $n = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{2kd}{\sinh 2kd} \right]$